UC-8112-LX-STK User's Manual

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UC-8112-LX-STK User's Manual

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Moxa's UC-8112 Series Starter Kit is an ideal hardware and software package for system evaluation. Containing a UC-8100 computer, optional cellular and Wi-Fi modules, and various software packages, this compact Starter Kit helps users establish their system architecture in no time.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- Overview
- Model Descriptions
- Package Checklist
- Product Features
- Hardware Specifications
- Hardware Block Diagram

Overview

The UC-8112-LX Starter Kit offers a cellular or Wi-Fi module that users can easily install to establish wireless communication between the UC-8100 and the peripheral devices. In addition, system integrators can easily evaluate the result of remote management for some specific industrial tasks, such as data acquisition, and system integration.

Model Descriptions

The UC-8112-LX-STK series includes the following models:

- UC-8112 Starter Kit with LTE-EU: Compatible with LTE, HSPA, GPRS/GSM, GPS
- UC-8112 Starter Kit with LTE-US: Compatible with LTE, HSPA, GPRS/GSM, GPS
- UC-8112 Starter Kit with Wi-Fi: Compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g/n
- UC-8112 Starter Kit

Package Checklist

Before installing the UC-8112, verify that the package contains the following options:

UC-8112-LX Computer Kit

- UC-8112-LX computer x 1
- Console cable x 1
- GPS antenna x 1
- Cellular antenna x 1
- Wi-Fi antenna x 1
- DIN rail mounting kit x 1
- 1 GB SD x 1
- Power jack x 1
- Power adapter x 1

Wi-Fi module kit

- Wi-Fi module x 1
- Wi-Fi antenna cable x 1

Cellular Module Kit

- Cellular module x 1
- Cellular antenna cable x 1

NOTE: Notify your sales representative if any of the above options are missing or damaged.

Product Features

- ARMv7 Cortex-A8 300/600/1000 MHz processor
- Dual auto-sensing 10/100 Mbps Ethernet ports
- SD socket for storage expansion and OS installation
- Rich programmable LEDs and a programmable button for easy installation and maintenance
- Mini PCIe socket for cellular module
- Debian ARM 7 open platform
- Cybersecurity

Hardware Specifications

Computer

CPU: ARMv7 Cortex-A8 300/600/1000 MHz USB: USB 2.0 host x 1 (type A connector) DRAM: 256 MB DDR3 SDRAM (512 MB by request) OS (pre-installed): Debian ARM 7 (Kernel 3.2)

Storage

Storage Expansion:

- SDHC/SDXC socket for storing OS and storage expansion
- 1 GB SD card with OS pre-installed
- MicroSD socket for storage expansion (UC-8112-LX/UC-8112-T-LX only)
- 2 GB MicroSD cards with OS pre-installed (UC-8112-LX/UC-8112-T-LX only)

Ethernet Interface

LAN: 2 auto-sensing 10/100 Mbps ports (RJ45) Magnetic Isolation Protection: 1.5 kV built-in

Serial Interface

Serial Standards: 1 or 2 RS-232/422/485 ports, software-selectable (5-pin terminal block connector) **Console Port:** RS-232 (TxD, RxD, GND), 4-pin pin header output (115200, n, 8, 1)

Serial Communication Parameters

Data Bits: 5, 6, 7, 8 Stop Bits: 1, 1.5, 2 Parity: None, Even, Odd, Space, Mark Flow Control: XON/XOFF, ADDC® (automatic data direction control) for RS-485 Baudrate: Max. 921600 bps

Serial Signals

RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND **RS-422:** TxD+, TxD-, RxD+, RxD-, GND **RS-485-4w:** TxD+, TxD-, RxD+, RxD-, GND **RS-485-2w:** Data+, Data-, GND

LEDs

System: Power x 1, USB x 1, SD x 1, signal strength x 3 (UC-8112/8162/8132 with cellular module) **LAN:** 10M/100M on connector **Programmable:** Diagnosis x 3

Switches and Buttons

Push Button: Initially configured to return a diagnostic report, and to reset the device to factory defaults

Physical Characteristics

Housing: Polycarbonate plastic
Weight: 224 g
Dimensions: 101 x 27 x 128 mm (3.98 x 1.06 x 5.04 in)
Mounting: DIN rail, wall (with optional kit)

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: Standard Models: -10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F)

Wide Temp. Models: -40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F) **Storage Temperature:** -40 to 80°C (-40 to 176°F)

Ambient Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Anti-Vibration: 2 Grms @ IEC 60068-2-64, random wave, 5-500 Hz, 1 hr per axis (without any USB devices attached)

Anti-Shock: 20 g @ IEC 60068-2-27, half sine wave, 30 ms

Power Requirements

Input Voltage: 12 to 24 VDC (3-pin terminal block, V+, V-, SG)
Power Consumption: 5.4 W (without cellular module and external USB device attached)
450 mA @ 12 VDC
225 mA @ 24 VDC

Standards and Certifications

Safety: UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1, CCC (GB9254, GB17625.1) EMC: EN55022 Class B, EN 55024-4-2, EN 55024-4-3, EN 55024-4-4, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A Green Product: RoHS, CRoHS, WEEE

Reliability

Alert Tools: Built-in RTC (real-time clock) Automatic Reboot Trigger: Built-in WDT (watchdog timer)

Warranty

Warranty Period: 5 years Details: See www.moxa.com/warranty

Hardware Block Diagram



Hardware Introduction

The UC-8112 embedded computers are compact and rugged, making them suitable for industrial applications. The LED indicators allow users to monitor performance and identify trouble spots quickly, and the multiple ports can be used to connect a variety of devices. The UC-8112 comes with a reliable and stable hardware platform that lets you devote the bulk of your time to application development. In this chapter, we provide basic information about the embedded computer's hardware and its various components.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- Appearance
- LED Indicators
- Default Programmable Button Operations
- Reset to Default Button
- Real Time Clock
- Placement Options
 - ➤DIN Rail Mounting
 - ➤ Wall or Cabinet Mounting

Appearance

Front View

USB LED SD LED Power LED 000 Diagnosis/Programmable Signal Strength LED x 3 LED x 3 Д Ì٦, 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Port x 2 ø **DIN rail Mountable** ն \odot SD/SIM Card Holder Wireless Antenna igodolConnector x 2 (only available in cellular module accessories) USB 2.0 Port

Top & Bottom Views



Dimensions



LED Indicators

Refer to the following table for information about each LED.

LED Name		Color	Function		
÷	USB Greer		Steady On	USB device is connected and working	
				normally	
			Off	USB device is not connected.	
	SD	Green	Steady On	SD Card inserted and working normally	
53			Off	SD Card is not detected	
	Power	Green	Power is on and	the computer is working normally.	
O		Off	Power is off.		
	LAN1/2 (On	Green	Steady On	100 Mbps Ethernet link	
	RJ45		Blinking	Data transmitting	
	connector)	Yellow	Steady On	10 Mbps Ethernet link	
			Blinking	Data transmitting	
		Off	Ethernet is not o	onnected	
	Wireless	Green	Number of glowi	ng LEDs indicates signal strength	
	Signal	Yellow	3 (Green + Yello	w + Red): Excellent	
	Strength	Red	2 (Yellow + Red)) : Good	
			1 (Red) : Poor		
		Off	Wireless module not detected		
	Diagnosis	Green	These 3 LEDs can be programmed by the user		
Dia		Yellow	(Refer to Chapte	r 3 in the Hardware Manual for details.)	
gn		Red			
Diagnosis					

Default Operations for Programmable LEDs

Status of the 3 LEDs					
Green LED Yellow LED Red LED		Red LED	Status Description		
Off	Off	On	SD Card Error - Can't read from or write to the SD card		
Off	On	On	WAN Ethernet Error – WAN Ethernet controller malfunction		
On	Off	On	LAN Ethernet Error – LAN Ethernet controller malfunction		
Off	Blinking	On	IP Address Error – IP Address conflict; re-configure the UC-8110's LAN		
			IP address to solve this problem		
Off	Off	Blinking	Power-Off Warning		
			Power off may result in damage to the UC-8110 due to		
			Updating firmware		
			Saving configuration		
			Initialization process		
On	On	On	RS-232 Interface Error		
Blinking	Blinking	Blinking	Proceeding with Self Diagnosis		
Blinking	Off	Off	Automatic Pairing (Button)		
			 Press and hold the button for 2 seconds to enable automatic pairing mode. Simply click the button "Smart Connect" on the software utility (Moxa Nexus for Windows, iOS, or Android) on any handheld device to seamlessly access this device via the Moxa Cloud Solution. Automatic pairing mode will be disabled after X seconds. (X is configurable, default is 30.) When automatic pairing mode is enabled, the green "Diagnosis" LED will keep blinking. Any successful pairing will disable the automatic pairing mode immediately. 		
Off	Blinking	Off	 Automatic Pairing (QR-Code) Scanning the QR-Code on the UC-8110 from the software utility on a handheld device will enable automatic pairing mode Refer to "Automatic Pairing (Button)" The only exception is the Yellow "Diagnosis" LED, which will keep blinking when automatic pairing mode is enabled. 		
Off	On	Off	Reset to Factory Default		

Reset to Default Button

Press and hold the **Reset Button** continuously for at least 5 seconds to load the **factory default configuration**. After the factory default configuration has been loaded, the system will reboot automatically. The **Ready** LED will blink on and off for the first 5 seconds, and then maintain a steady glow once the system has rebooted.

We recommend that you only use this function if the software is not working properly and you want to load factory default settings. The **Reset to Default** functionality is not designed to hard reboot the UC-8112.



ATTENTION

Reset to Default preserves user's data

The **Reset to Default** function will NOT format the user directory and erase the user's data. Using the Reset to default function will only load the configuration file. The rest of the user's data stored in the Flash ROM will remain intact.

Real Time Clock

The UC-8112's real time clock is powered by a lithium battery. We strongly recommend that you do not replace the lithium battery without help from a qualified Moxa support engineer. If you need to change the battery, contact the Moxa RMA service team.



WARNING

There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type.

Placement Options

There are two sliders on the back of the unit for DIN rail and wall mounting.

DIN Rail Mounting

Pull out the bottom slider, latch the unit onto the DIN rail, and push the slider back in.



Wall or Cabinet Mounting

Pull out both the top and bottom sliders and align the screws accordingly.



Another method for wall mounting installation is to use the optional wall mounting kit. Attach two mounting brackets on the side panel of the computer, and fasten with screws. Install the computer on a wall or cabinet by fastening two screws for each bracket.



NOTE Before tightening the screws into the wall, make sure the screw head and shank size are suitable by inserting the screw into one of the keyhole-shaped apertures of the wall mounting plates.

Hardware Connection Description

This chapter describes how to connect the UC-8112 to a network and various devices for first time testing purposes.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- Wiring Requirements
 - \succ Connecting the Power

➤Grounding the Unit

- **Connecting to the Console Port**
- Connecting to the Network
- Connecting to a Serial Device
- Inserting the SD and SIM Card
- USB Port
- □ Inserting a Micro SD Card
- Installing the Cellular Module
- Installing the Wi-Fi Module

Wiring Requirements

In this section, we describe how to connect various devices to the embedded computer. You should heed the following common safety precautions before proceeding with the installation of any electronic device:

• Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.

- You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring that shares similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together.
- Keep input wiring and output wiring separate.
- When necessary, it is strongly advised that you label wiring to all devices in the system.



ATTENTION

Safety First!

Be sure to disconnect the power cord before doing installations and/or wiring.

Electrical Current Caution!

Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.

If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

Temperature Caution!

Be careful when handling the unit. When the unit is plugged in, the internal components generate heat, and consequently the outer casing may feel hot to the touch.

Connecting the Power

The UC-8112 has a 3-pin terminal block for a 12 to 24 VDC power input.

The following figure shows how the power input interface connects to external power sources. If the power is properly supplied, the Power LED will light up. The Ready LED will glow a solid green color when the operating system is ready (it may take 30 to 60 seconds for the operating system to boot up).

Terminal Block





ATTENTION

The power for this product is intended to be supplied by a Listed Power Supply Unit that is rated to deliver 12 to 24 VDC at a minimum of 450 mA @ 12 VDC, and 225 mA @ 24 VDC.

NOTE Do not run signal or communication wiring and power wiring in the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.

Grounding the Unit

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.



ATTENTION

This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

SG: The Shielded Ground (sometimes called Protected Ground) contact is the bottom contact of the 3-pin power terminal block connector when viewed from the angle shown here. Connect the SG wire to an appropriate grounded metal surface.





ATTENTION

A shielded power cord is required to meet FCC emission limits and also to prevent interference with nearby radio and television reception. It is essential that only the supplied power cord be used. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

Connecting to the Console Port

The UC-8112's console port is a 4-pin pin-header RS-232 port located on the top panel of the case. It is designed for serial console terminals, which are useful for identifying the boot up message, or for debugging when the system cannot boot up.



Connecting to the Network

Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to one of the UC-8112's 10/100M Ethernet ports (8-pin RJ45) and the other end of the cable to the Ethernet network. If the cable is properly connected, the UC-8112 will indicate a valid connection to the Ethernet in the following ways:



The LED indicator in the lower right corner glows a solid green color when the cable is properly connected to a 100 Mbps Ethernet network. The LED will flash on and off when Ethernet packets are being transmitted or received.

The LED indicator in the upper right corner glows a solid orange color when the cable is properly connected to a 10 Mbps Ethernet network. The LED will flash on and off when Ethernet packets are being transmitted or received.

Pin	Signal
1	ETx+
2	ETx-
3	ERx+
4	-
5	-
6	ERx-
7	-
8	-

Connecting to a Serial Device

Use properly wired serial cables to connect the UC-8112 to serial devices. The serial ports of the UC-8112 use the 5-pin terminal block. The ports can be configured by software for RS-232, RS-422, or 2-wire RS-485. The precise pin assignments are shown in the following table:

Terminal Block



RS-232/42	22/485	Pinouts
-----------	--------	---------

Pir	I	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1		TXD	TXD+	Ι
2		RXD	TXD-	-
3		RTS	RXD+	D+
4		CTS	RXD-	D-
5		GND	GND	GND

Inserting the SD and SIM Card

The UC-8112 comes with an SD socket for storage expansion, and a SIM card socket that can be installed with a SIM card for cellular communication. The SD card/SIM card sockets are located on the lower part of the front panel. To install them, remove the screw and the protection cover to access the socket, and then plug the SD card and the SIM card into the sockets directly. Remember to push in on the SD card or SIM card first if you want to remove them.

The SD card will be mounted at /mnt/sd.







ATTENTION

The UC-8112 does not support SD hot swap and PnP (Plug and Play) functionality. It is necessary to remove power source first before inserting or removing the SD card.

USB Port

The UC-8112 provides 1 USB 2.0 full speed port (OHCI), type A connector, which supports a keyboard or mouse, as well as an external flash disk for storing large amounts of data.

Inserting a Micro SD Card

The UC-8112 comes with a micro SD card socket for storage expansion. Follow these steps:

- 1. Remove the screws on the side panel, and take off the cover.
- 2. Insert the micro SD card into the socket. Make sure you insert the card in the correct direction.



3. Replace the cover to complete the installation.

Installing the Cellular Module

The UC-8112 provides a PCIe socket for installing a cellular socket. Follow these steps:

1. Remove the screws on the side panel, and take off the cover.



2. Find the location of the PCIe socket. Insert the cellular module into the socket, and then tighten the screws to fasten the socket.



3. Next, you need to install the antenna cable. There are two antenna connectors on the cellular module. Connect the cable to either connector.



4. Plug the other end of the cable into the connector on the front panel of the UC-8112. Remove the black plastic cover first.





5. Install the connector; place the locking washer first, and then tighten the nut. Locking Washer



6. Connect the antenna to the connector.



Installing the Wi-Fi Module

Follow these steps to install the Wi-Fi Module to the UC-8112-LX computer.

1. Remove the screws on the side panel, and take off the cover.



2. Find the location of the PCIe socket. Insert the cellular module into the socket, and then tighten the screws to fasten the socket.



3. Use the two silver screws to fasten the stabilization bracket to the Wi-Fi module. Make sure you connect the bracket in the correct direction. Insert the Wi-Fi module into the PCIe socket, and then fasten with the bracket into place using the two black screws.





4. Next you need to install the antenna cable. There are two antenna connectors on the Wi-Fi module. Connect the cable onto either connector.



4. Install the other end of the cable onto the connector on the front panel of the UC-8112. Remove the black plastic cover first.





5. Install the connector; place the locking washer first, and then tighten the nut. **Locking Washer**



6. Connect the antenna to the connector.



Remote Configuration and Management

This chapter describes how to use the web-based tool, Webmin, to remotely configure and management the UC-8112-LX computer. Webmin is a web-based system configuration tool that helps users to configure various functions, such as user management, disk quota setting, services or configuration files, as well as modify and control open source apps, such as Apache HTTP Server, PHP orMySQL.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

Connecting to the UC-8112 via Webmin

Configuring Webmin

- Change Language and Theme
- ➤Webmin Action Logs
- Webmin Configuration
- ≻Webmin Users

Configuring System

- Bootup and Shutdown
- Disk and Network Filesystems
- ≻Initial System Bootup
- ➢ Running Processes
- ➤ Scheduled Cron Jobs
- Software Package Updates
- ➢ Software Packages
- ≻System Documentation
- System Log
- **Configuring Server**
 - ≻Apache Webserver
 - ≻DHCP Server
 - ≻Read User Mail

Configuring Others

- ➤Command Shell
- ≻File Manager

Configuring Networking

- ➤ Bandwidth Monitoring
- ➤Linux Firewall
- Network Configuration

Hardware

- ≻ Partitions and Local Disks
- ≻System Time

Viewing More Options

- ➤View Module Logs
- ≻System Information
- ➢ Refresh Modules
- > Logout

Connecting to the UC-8112 via Webmin

Use an Ethernet cable to connect to your laptop or computer to the LAN1 port of the UC-8112 computer. Use a browser and connect with the following address:

https://192.168.3.127:10000

When successfully connected to the UC-8112, the following figure will appear:



Provide the following information for Username and Password:

Username: root Password: root

The main menu options will be displayed on the left, and the main information of the UC-8100 will be shown in the middle.

Check all of the information for the UC-8112 computer, and then configure the UC-8112 using the menu options on the left.

You may also connect the UC-8112 computer to the network, and remotely connect to the IP address of the UC-8112 computer.

Configuring Webmin

When you click **Webmin**, four options will be displayed. Click the option related to the item or items you would like to configure.

Vebmin 🔍

Change Language and Theme Webmin Actions Log Webmin Configuration Webmin Users

Change Language and Theme

You may change the language from the Personal choice drop-down list, or use the default value, Global language, English as the Webmin UI language.

This module can be used	I to change the lang		nguage and Theme the theme that controls Webmin's appearance, for your Webmin account only.
Webmin UI language		English US (en.UTF-8)	the theme that controls Webmin's appearance, for your Webmin account only.
		Dutch (NLUTF-8) English UK (EN_GB) English UK (EN_GB) English US (EN, UTF-8) English US (EN, UTF-8) Finnish (FI, UTF-8) French (FR, UTF-8) German (DE) German (DE, UTF-8) Greek (EL) Hebrew (HE) Hungarian (HU) Hungarian (HU) Hungarian (HU) Hungarian (HU, UTF-8) Italian (IT, UTF-8) Japanese (JA_JP:UTF-8) Klingon (TL) Korean (KO_KR:EUC)	

You may also change the theme of the Webmin UI from the Personal choice drop-down list.

Change Language and Theme

This module can be used to change the language that modules are displayed in and the theme that controls Webmin's appearance, for your Webmin account only.



Webmin Action Logs

Module Config

When the file log function has been enabled, you may find the action log here. If you wish to search the logs in all modules, select **In any module**; if you wish to search the logs in the specific module, select the module in the drop-down list of **In module**. In addition, you may also search the logs by date; select from **Actions on dates** option. You may also search the logs that contain a specific description; provide the description in the **Action description contains** field. When finished, click **Search** to start searching.

Webmin Actions Log

Note - Logging of file changes is not currently enabled, so the details of logged actions will not include changed files or commands executed.

Search the Webmin log for action	ons				
Actions in module	 In any mod 	dule			
	In module	<not any="" in="" module=""></not>	0		
Actions on dates	O At any time	Э			
	 For today of 	only			
	O For yester	day only			
	O During the	last week			
	Between	/ Jan ᅌ /	and	/ Jan ᅌ /	
Action description contains					
Show full action descriptions?	🔿 Yes 💿 No				
Search					

Webmin Configuration

This option contains various configuration tools that help users to configure the UC-8112 computer.



IP Access Control

This option helps you configure the IP address control for the UC-8100 computer. You may allow or deny the specific IP addresses. You may also decide whether or not to resolve the hostname on every request, or use the remote IP address provided by proxy server. When finished, click Save. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	IP Access Control
10.254.1.0/255.255.255.128 or 10.254.1.0/25 or	allow access only from certain IP addresses using this form. Hostnames (like foo.bar.com) and IP networks (like 10.254.3.0 10.254.1.5-10.254.97.127) can also be entered. You should limit access to your server to trusted addresses, especially if it i who guesses your password will have complete control of your system.
Access control options	
Allowed IP addresses	Allow from all addresses Only allow from listed addresses Deny from listed addresses Include local network in list
Resolve hostnames on every request?	Ves O No
Trust remote IP address provided by proxies?	○ Yes ⓒ No
	IP access control using TCP-wrappers is not available, as the Authen::Libwrap Perl module is not installed.
Save	



Logging

This option allows you to configure the log functions. You may decide to enable or disable logging function. Other functions are also provided. Users may configure all settings on this page. When finished, Click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Logging
Webmin can be configured to write a log of web server hits, in the stare recorded, and how often the log file is cleared. When enabled, lo	andard CLF log file format. If logging is enabled, you can also choose whether IP addresses or hostnames gs are written to the file /var/webmin/miniserv.log.
When logging is enabled, Webmin will also write a more detailed log Webmin Actions Log module to see exactly what each Webmin user	of user actions to the file /var/webmin/webmin.log. This log can be viewed and analysed with the has been doing.
Webserver logging options	
Logging active?	Enable logging Obisable logging
Log resolved hostnames?	Yes O No
Use combined log format (including referrer and user agent)?	Yes O No
Periodically clear log files?	Yes, every 168 hours • No
Users to log	● Log actions by all users ○ Only log actions by root
Modules to log	Log actions in all modules Only log actions in Apache Webserver BIND 4 DNS Server BSD Firewall Bandwidth Monitoring Bootup and Shutdown
Include Webmin logins and logouts in actions log?	Yes O No
Log changes made to files by each action?	Yes O No
Record all modified files before actions, for rollbacks?	Yes O No
Permissions for log files	O Default ○
Also log to syslog?	

Proxy Servers and Downloads

This option allows users to configure the HTTP proxy and FTP proxy. Fill in the specific fields. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Proxy Servers and Downloads
Proxying Downloading	
If the host on which Webmin is running is behi Software Packages, will use these proxies	nd a firewall of some kind, you may need to set the proxy server to use for accessing web and FTP sites. Certain modules, such as when downloading files or programs.
Proxy servers	
HTTP proxy	• None 🔿
FTP proxy	None
No proxy for	
Username for proxy	
Password for proxy	
Source IP address for HTTP connections	• Default 🔿
Try direct request if proxy is down?	○ Yes SNO
Save	

User Interface

This option allows users to configure the user interface settings, such as background color, text color, and link color, etc. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	User Interface
This form allows you to edit user interface options used by hex number from 00 to ff.	y all modules. When entering colours, each must be specified using the standard RGB system, where each value is a
User interface options	
Page background	Default RRGGBB hex color
Normal tex	t ODefault RRGGBB hex color
Table background	Opfault RRGGBB hex color
Table heade	ODefault RRGGBB hex color
Link tex	t ODefault CRGGBB hex color
Display login and hostname (for non-framed themes	At bottom of browser
Hostname to display in Webmir	Real hostname
Prepend username to page titles?	P 🔿 Yes 🗿 No
Prepend hostname to page titles?	P 🔿 Yes 오 No
Send feedback to	🛛 💿 feedback@webmin.com 🔿
Allow sending of feedback?	? Only to address above ◯ No
Format for displayed dates	6 dd/mon/yyyy (ie. 16/Sep/2001) ᅌ
Help window width	🛚 💿 Default (400) 🗋
Help window heigh	t o Default (400) 🔿
File chooser size	Default X
User chooser size	🔋 💿 Default 🔿 X
Multiple users chooser size	Default 🔿 X
Date selector size	Default 🔿 X

Webmin Modules

This option allows users to install modules on the UC-8100 by retrieving the module files from the specific locations. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	V	Vebmin Modules		
	ete Export added after installation by using the form to the rig alled from RPM files if supported by your operating		uted in .wbm files, each o	of which can contain one or more modules.
Install Module				
Install from	• From local file			
	From uploaded file	Choose File No file chosen		
	○ From ftp or http URL			
	O Standard module from www.webmin.com			
	O Third party module from			
Ignore dependencies?	Ves O No			
Grant access to	• Grant access only to users and groups : root			
	Grant access to all Webmin users			
Install Module				

Return to Webmin configuration

Operating System and Environment

This option allows users to display the operating system and environment detected by Webmin. When necessary, you may update or upgrade the operating system and environment from this option. When finished, click Save. For other configurations, click Return to Webmin configuration.

Module Index	Operating System and Environment
information updated, which may be necessar	ected by Webmin at install time, and the system that is currently detected. If they are different, you can choose to have Webmin's OS y if you have recently upgraded. y Webmin when running programs, and the shared library path passed to any programs.
Host operating system	
Operating system according to Webmin	Debian Linux 🗘 7
Internal OS code used by Webmin	debian-linux 😨 7
Detected operating system	Debian Linux 7
Program search path	/bin /usr/bin /sbin /usr/sbin /usr/local/bin /usr/local/bin
Library search path	
Extra Perl library paths	
Additional environment variables	Variable name Value
Save	
Return to Webmin configuration	

Language

This option allows users to view the language of the Webmin. You may change the language from the drop-down list of Display in language. When finished, click Save. For other configurations, click Return to Webmin configuration.

Module Index



This page allows you to choose which language Webmin will use for displaying titles, prompts and messages

Webmin Language	
Display in language English US (EN.UTF-8)	
Character set for HTML pages <a>O Determined by language	
Use language specified by browser? O Yes • No	
Change Language	

Index Page Options

This option allows users to configure the index page appearance of the Webmin. Select the options from the following figure. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Index Page Options		
This page allows you to control the appearance of the main	Webmin menu. Some options may only be effe	ective when using the default theme.	
Index Page Options			
Number of columns	 ● Default ○ 		
Categorise modules?	• Yes No		
Default category	Webmin ᅌ		
Show version, hostname and OS in title?			
Go direct to module if user only has one?	◯ Yes ◯ No		
After login, always go to module	<none></none>		
Show Webmin updates on System Information page?	• Yes No		
Show module updates on System Information page?	• Yes O No		
Save			

Upgrade Webmin

This option allows users to upgrade the Webmin version. You may upgrade from files in different locations. When finished, click **Upgrade Webmin**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index		Upgrade Webmin	
Upgrade Webmin Ne	ew module grants Updat	te modules Scheduled update	
		installation to a new version by upgrading its Debian package. You can ins a manual upgrade, all your config settings and third-party modules will be k	
Upgrade Webmin			
Upgrade Webmin from	O From local file		
	O From uploaded file	Choose File No file chosen	
	O From ftp or http URL		
	 Latest version from w 	ww.webmin.com	
Upgrade options	Upgrade even if new ve	rsion is the same or older?	
	Disconnect all other use	ers?	
Upgrade Webmin			

Authentication

Module Index

This option allows users to configure the authentication settings. You may configure all settings in this figure. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Authentication

When enabled, password timeouts protect your V attempt for the same user.	/ebmin server from brute-force password cracking attacks by adding a continuously e	xpanding delay between each failed lo	
Authentication and session options			
Password timeouts	Disable password timeouts Enable password timeouts		
Failed login blocks	Block hosts with more than 5 failed logins for 60 seconds.		
	Block users with more than failed logins for seconds.		
Log failures to syslog?			
Authentication type	 Disable session authentication Enable session authentication 		
Authentication options	 Auto-logout after minutes of inactivity Offer to remember login permanently? Show real hostname instead of name from URL? Record logins and logouts in Utmp? 		
Pre-login banner	 No pre-login page Show pre-login file 		
Local authentication	Always require username and password Always require username and password Allow login without password for matching users from localhost		
Password source	Ouse PAM for Unix authentication, if available Never use PAM for Unix authentication		
Password options	Support full PAM conversations? Pass on PAM status to other modules?		
Expired password change	If PAM is unavailable or disabled, read users and passwords from file /etc/shadow O Change expired passwords via PAM	columns 0 and 1	
Personal evidence and	Change passwords with command: Always deny users with expired passwords		
Password expiry policy	Aiways deny users with expired passwords		

Two-Factor Authentication

Return to Webmin configuration

This option allows users to enable the addition device when logging. Select from the drop-down list in Authentication provider. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index Help Two-factor authentication allows Webmin users to ena individually enroll with the selected authentication prov	Two-Factor Authentication able use of an additional authentication device when logging in, such as a one-time passcode generator. Users must rider after it is enabled on this page.
Two-factor authentication options	
Authentication provider <none></none>	
Save	

Reassign Modules

This option allows users to configure the category to which each module is assigned. You may reassign these modules to different categories. When finished, click **Change Categories**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Indule Index Reassign Modules					
This form allows you to configure which category each module is displayed under on the Webmin index page.					
Module category assignments					
Apache Webserver	Servers ᅌ	Bandwidth Monitoring	Networking ᅌ		
Bootup and Shutdown	System ᅌ	Change Language and Theme	Webmin ᅌ		
Command Shell	Others ᅌ	DHCP Server	Servers ᅌ		
Disk and Network Filesystems	System ᅌ	File Manager	Others ᅌ		
Initial System Bootup	System ᅌ	Linux Bootup Configuration	Hardware ᅌ		
Linux Firewall	Networking ᅌ	Linux RAID	Hardware ᅌ		
Network Configuration	Networking ᅌ	OpenVPN + CA	Servers ᅌ		
Partitions on Local Disks	Hardware ᅌ	ProFTPD Server	Servers ᅌ		
Read User Mail	Servers ᅌ	Running Processes	System ᅌ		
Scheduled Commands	System ᅌ	Scheduled Cron Jobs	System ᅌ		
Sendmail Mail Server	Servers ᅌ	Software Package Updates	System ᅌ		
Software Packages	System ᅌ	System Documentation	System ᅌ		
System Logs	System ᅌ	System Logs NG	System ᅌ		
System Time	Hardware ᅌ	Usermin Configuration	Webmin ᅌ		
Webmin Actions Log	Webmin ᅌ	Webmin Configuration	Webmin ᅌ		
Webmin Users	Webmin ᅌ				
Change Categories					

Edit Categories

Return to Webmin configuration

This option allows users to edit the name of the categories shown in Webmin. You may use the default ID name or provide a new name. When finished, click **Save Categories**. For other configurations, **click Return to Webmin configuration**.

Modu	Ind	OY.
would	iii u	UA.

Edit Categories

Edit categories in language: <Default> Change
This form allows you to rename the existing Webmin categories and create new ones to assign modules to. The top part of the table is for changing the descriptions of the built-in categories, while the bottom part is for adding new category IDs and descriptions.

ID	Displayed description
servers	 Default Custom
cluster	 Default Custom
webmin	Default O Custom
other	Default Custom
net	Default Custom
syslet	 Default Custom
info	Default Custom
system	 Default Custom
hardware	Default Custom

Save Categories

Module Titles

This option allows users to specify additional titles for the modules. Select the module from the Module drop-down list, and then provide a new title in the **New title** field. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Module	e Titles		
This page allows you to specify alternate titles for Webmin modules, to override their standard descriptions.				
Module		New title		
	0			
	0			
Save				
Feturn to Webmin configuration				

Webmin Themes

This option allows users to select the Webmin themes from the drop-down list. When finished, click **Change**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Webmin Themes
Change theme Install theme Delete themes Export themes	
of the themes installed on your system. Current theme : Gray Framed Theme C	cons, colours, backgrounds and the layout of pages. The selection box below can be used to choose one
Change	

Trusted Referrers

This option allows users to configure the trusted referrers list. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index

Trusted Referrers

This page allows you to configure Webmin's referrer checking support, which is used to prevent malicious links from other websites tricking your browser into doing dangerous things with Webmin. However, if you have links to Webmin from your own websites that you don't want to be warned about you should add those sites to the list below.

Referrer checking enabled?	○ Yes ○ No
Trusted websites	
	/
Save	

Anonymous Module Access

This option allows users to grant the access to the specific modules for the clients that do not need to log in. Provide the information for the specific fields. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index Anonymous Module Access						
This page allows you to grant access to selected Webmin modules and paths without clients needing to login. For each module path that you enter below (such as /custom or /passwd) you must also enter the name of a Webmin user whose permissions will be used for access to the module. You should be VERY careful when granting anonymous access, as insufficient IP access controls or granting access to the wrong module may allow attackers to take over your system.						
URL path	URL path Webmin user					
Save						

Return to Webmin configuration

File Locking

This option allows users to lock specific files to prevent concurrent modification, which could lead to file corruption. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index By default, Webmin will obtain a lock on a allows you to selectively or totally disable	File Locking any file that it modifies in order to prevent concurrent modification by multiple processes, which cou- locking if it is causing problems.	Ild lead to file corruption. This page
File locking settings		
Lock all files Never lock files Only lock files and directories Lock all files and directories except	~	
Save Return to Webmin configuration		

Mobile Device Option

This option allows users to select the theme for the mobile device. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Mobile Device Options
Options for mobile browsers	
Theme for mobile browsers	<user's choice="" configuration="" global="" or=""></user's>
Force use of HTTP authentication?	🔿 Yes 📀 No
Additional user agents for mobile browsers	
	1/2
URL hostname prefixes for mobile browsers	
Save	

Blocked Hosts and Users

If you have blocked hosts and users, you may view the list here. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Blocked Hosts and Users
No hosts or users are currently blocked by Webmin.	
< Return to Webmin configuration	

Background Status Collection

This option allows users to decide if they want to collect the status in the system background. When finished, click Save. For other configurations, click Return to Webmin configuration.

```
Module Index
```





Return to Webmin configuration

Advanced Options

This option provides the advanced options for Webmin. Users may configure these settings with their needs. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Μ	lod	u	e	In	d	ex

Advanced Options

Advanced and experimental options	
Temporary files directory	• Default (/tmp/.webmin)
	Clear temp files in non-standard directory?
Maximum age of temporary files	OUnlimited O 7 days
Per-module temporary directories	Module Directory
	€
Pre-load Webmin functions library?	O Yes ◯ No
Text files to pre-cache?	None
	 English language text files
	Files matching shell patterns
Umask (unset permission bits) for created files	• Default 🔿
Allow modification of immutable files?	○ Yes • No
CPU priority for scheduled jobs	Default Priority level 0 (Default)
IO class for scheduled jobs	Default 🗘
IO priority for scheduled jobs	Default

Save

Debugging Log Files

This option allows users to debug log files. Users may configure the settings to debug log files. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Debugging Log File
Webmin debug log file options	
Debug log enabled?	○ Yes O No
Events to log	Scripts starting and stopping Files opened for reading Files opened for writing Other file operations Operations on processes Configuration file diffs Commands executed Network connections made SQL executed
Debugging log file	ODefault (/var/webmin.webmin.debug)
Maximum size for log file	• Default (10 MB) O bytes 📀
Script types to debug	Veb interface CGIs V Command line V Background jobs
Modules to write debug logs for	Log actions in all modules Only log actions in Apache Webserver BIND 4 DNS Server BSD Firewall Bandwidth Monitoring Bootup and Shutdown
Save	

Return to Webmin configuration

Web Server Options

This option allows users to configure the web server settings. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Web Server Options			
Options for Webmin's built-in webserver				
Client-side cache time for static files	• Webmin default (7 days)			
Client-side cache times based on URL path	Path regular expression		Cache time i	n seconds
			86400	
Show stack trace for error messages?	Yes O No			
Show Perl errors in browser?	• Yes No			
Gzip compress static files?	• Only if pre-compressed .gz file exists O Never	Use pre-comp	ressed file and	compress dynamically
URL format for redirects	Path only • Protocol, host, port and path			
Save				
Return to Webmin configuration				

Webmin Scheduled Functions

This option allows users to view the current scheduled jobs on the modules. You may select to delete or run these functions. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index Webmin Scheduled Functions				
Webmin module	Function name	Parameters	Run at	
Scheduled Cron Jobs	cleanup_temp_files		Every 3600 seconds	
System Status	scheduled_collect_system_info		Every 300 seconds	
Delete Selected Functions	Run Selected Functions Now			
Return to Webmin confi	guration			
Sending Email

This option allows users to configure the setting for sending emails, and the text for email content. When finished, click **Save**. If you want to send the email immediately, click **Send Email**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Se	nding Email	
This page controls how Webmin sends en	nail, such as from scheduled backups of	or background monitoring. It also effects en	nail sent using the Read User Mail module.
Mail sending options			
Local mail server			
Send email using	Local mail server command Via SMTP to local mail server Via SMTP to remote mail server Use SSL encryption? Use default port Use port numb	ver	
SMTP server authentication	 Don't authenticate Login as 	with password	
SMTP authentication method	Default (currently Cram-MD5)		
From address for email from Webmin	 Default (webmin@localhost) Address 		
Save			
This form can be used to send a test emai	il with the settings above, to ensure that	at mail is being delivered correctly.	
Send test message			

Send test message	
Send message to	
Message subject	Test email from Webmin
Message contents	This is a test message from Webmin, sent with the settings :
	Mail server:
	Sent via: Local mail server
	SMTP login: None
	SMTP authentication: Default
Send Email	

SSL Encryption

This option allows users to configure the SSL encryption settings. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	SSL Encryption
The host on which Webmin is running appears the server. If you are accessing your Webmin	P Certificates Self-Signed Certificate Certificate Signing Request Upload Certificate to have the SSLeay Perl module installed. Using this, Webmin supports SSL encrypted communication between your browser and server over the Internet, then you should definitely consider using SSL to prevent an attacker capturing your Webmin password. a browser that supports SSL, and there is no firewall blocking https requests between your browser and the Webmin host.
SSL support	
Enable SSL?	⊙ Yes ◯ No
Private key file	/etc/webmin/miniserv.pem
Certificate file	O Same file as private key
	Separate file
Redirect non-SSL requests to SSL mode?	○ Yes S No
SSL protocol version	O Detect automatically
SSL protocol versions to reject	SSLv2 SSLv3
Allow compressed SSL connections?	⊙ Yes ◯ No
Force use of server-defined cipher order?	⊖Yes ⊙ No
Allowed SSL ciphers	Detect automatically Only strong PCI-compliant ciphers Only strong ciphers with perfect forward secrecy Listed ciphers
Additional certificate files (for chained certificates)	
Save	

< Return to Webmin configuration

Module Index

Certificate Authority

This option allows users to configure the certificate authority. All detailed descriptions are displayed on this page. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Certificate Authority

Your Webmin serv	er is already setup as a	certificate authorit	y. You can use this form to	set it up again, but any ce	ertificates already issued	to users will no longer w	ork.
Create new CA c	ertificate						
Authority name							
Email address							
Department							
Organization							
State							
Country code							
RSA key size	 Default (2048) 	bits					
Setup Certificate	Authority						
If you have already recognised by this		Webmin server, y	ou can paste its certificate t	below instead of setting u	p a new CA. This will all	ow users from the other s	erver to b

Webmin Users

Edit CA certificate

This option allows users to check, delete or create a new user for Webmin. In addition, you may create new Webmin Groups for different purposes.



Configuring Unix User Synchronization

If you have created a new Webmin group, you may check the users on this page.

```
Module Index
```

Unix User Synchronization No Webmin groups have been defined on your system. At least one group must be created to set the access for created users.

< Return to user list

Configuring Unix User Authentication

This option allows users to manage user authentication. Users may decide or deny access for specific Unix users. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index		Unix User Authe	ntication	
This page allows you to ca who you want to give acce	-	ttempts against the system user list	and PAM. This can be useful	if you have a large number of existing Unix users
Unix user authenticatio	n settings			
Allowed Unix users	 Only allow Webmin users to log 	in Allow Unix users listed below to	login	
	Allow	User or Group	As Webmin user	
	Image: A start of the start		root ᅌ	
	Contraction		root 📀	
	Allow users who can run all con	nmands via sudo to login as root		
	Treat logins that only pass PAN	l validation as 🛛 root ᅌ		
Additional restrictions	Allow all Unix users Only allo Deny Unix users whose shells a	w listed Unix users O Deny listed Unix users O Deny listed Unix are not in file /etc/shells		
Save				
📥 Return to user list				

View Login Sessions

This option allows users to check the current user login status. You may also cancel access to specific users and force them to log in again.

Module Index

Current Login Sessions

Current Webmin session logins are listed below. To cancel an existing session and force the user to login again, click on its session ID.

Session ID	Webmin user	IP address	Logged in at	
kRiyBtuUbhkRk0LYfDA0q.	moxa	192.168.31.100	20/Apr/2015 08:44	View logs
VjjH2mnOLWhTOG7Yws3wC.	root	192.168.27.213	20/Apr/2015 08:44	View logs
ESd/kOB2SqFmYoWF32Zhh/	root	192.168.27.213	20/Apr/2015 08:30	View logs
/I6MLD8aHyPCVgseN2frU.	root	192.168.27.213	20/Apr/2015 07:05	View logs
QGvVqDV2bvzp9yvJP5VgQ/	root	172.16.4.8	19/Apr/2015 23:18	View logs
Jr0rtnP/870cCaymCf5BC1	root	172.16.4.24	19/Apr/2015 14:38	View logs
EhoaXPwkYyofKVlt76ICp0	root	10.1.31.125	17/Apr/2015 15:47	View logs
I/CUXIvrQe3VB/m2X2uz11	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015 23:12	View logs
arY0XJ2BbMuTwodO2r71i.	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 09:26	View logs
6R4opjhN82xK.sCgk6WsA1	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 09:25	View logs
MfQR6cCfqLbbJX0QxtB6G.	root	192.168.31.100	16/Apr/2015 09:05	View logs
0o0hq3tCf4MJpFyCccTfu1	root	172.16.4.17	15/Apr/2015 14:02	View logs

< Return to user list

Two-Factor Authentication

If you have enabled two-factor authentication, you may check the status of the two-factor authentication on this page.

Module Index

Two-Factor Authentication

Two-factor authentication has not been enabled on this system yet, but can be turned on using the Webmin Configuration module.

Setup RBAC

This option allows users to set up RBAC.

Module Index

Setup RBAC

Webmin's RBAC integration provides a way for user module and ACL permissions to be determined from an RBAC (Role Based Access Control) database, rather than Webmin's own configuration files. Once RBAC support is enabled, any user for whom the **RBAC controls all modules and ACLs** option is selected will have his capabilities determined by RBAC rather than Webmin's own access control settings.

RBAC is only supported on Solaris at the moment, and so cannot be used on this Debian Linux system.

Return to user list

Password Restrictions

This option allows users to configure the password settings. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

Module Index	Password Re	estrictions	
Webmin password enforcement options			
Minimum password length	No minimum Ietters		
Regular expressions passwords must match			
Human-readable description for regular expression			
Days before password must be changed	• Change never required (days	
Days before un-changed password locks account	• Account is never locked	days	
Disallow passwords containing username?	🔿 Yes 💽 No		
Disallow dictionary word passwords?	🔿 Yes 💽 No		
Number of old passwords to reject	• No limit on password re-use	passwords	
Save			

Return to user list

User and Group Database

This option allows users to configure the user and group database settings. When finished, click **Save**. For other configurations, click **Return to Webmin configuration**.

		User and Group Databa
Options for database backen	d for users and groups	
Use only local files to store	e users and groups	
Use MySQL database	Hostname	
	Username	
	Password	
	Database name	
Use PostgreSQL database	Hostname	
	Username	
	Password	
	Database name	
Use LDAP server	Hostname	
	Connection encryption	None SSL TLS
	Username	
	Password	
	Create under DN	
	Object class for users	webminUser
	Object class for groups	webminGroup
	Download LDAP Schema	
	selected above O Add new	users to local files

Configuring System

When you click **System**, nine options will be displayed. Click an option to proceed with configuration.

System
 Bootup and Shutdown
 Disk and Network Filesystems
 Initial System Bootup
 Running Processes
 Scheduled Cron Jobs
 Software Package Updates
 Software Packages
 System Documentation
 System Logs

Bootup and Shutdown

This function allows users to enable specific actions when the system boots up or shuts down.

Module Config		Bootup and Shutdown
		Boot system : SysV init
Create a new bootup and shute		
Action	At boot?	Description
apache2	No	Start/stop apache2 web server
boot_scripts.sh	No	Enable service provided by daemon.
bootlogs	Yes	Various things that don't need to be done particularly
bootmisc.sh	No	Some cleanup. Note, it need to run after mountnfs-bootclean.sh.
checkfs.sh	No	Check all filesystems.
checkroot-bootclean.sh	No	Clean temporary filesystems after
checkroot.sh	No	Check to root file system.
cron	Yes	cron is a standard UNIX program that runs user-specified
dbus	Yes	D-Bus is a simple interprocess messaging system, used
halt	No	
heartbeat	Yes	High-availability services.
hostname.sh	No	Read the machines hostname from /etc/hostname, and
hwclock.sh	No	
isc-dhcp-server	Yes	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol Server
killprocs	No	executed by init(8) upon entering runlevel 1 (single).
kmod	No	Load the modules listed in /etc/modules.
logd	Yes	ha_logd logging daemon
motd	Yes	/etc/motd is user-editable and static. This script
mountall-bootclean.sh	No	Clean temporary filesystems after
mountall.sh	No	
mountdevsubfs.sh	No	Mount the virtual filesystems the kernel provides
mountkernfs.sh	No	Mount initial set of virtual filesystems the kernel
mountnfs-bootclean.sh	No	Clean temporary filesystems after
mountnfs.sh	No	Network file systems are mounted by
mtab.sh	No	Update the mount program's mtab file after
	Yes	Run /etc/init.d/mx_uc8100 if it exist

Click a button to perform the associated function.

Start Stop Restart St	tart On Boot Disable On Boot Start Now and On Boot Disable Now and On Boot
Change to runlevel: 2	Click this button to switch your system from the current runlevel to the selected one. This will cause all the actions in the current level to be stopped, and then all the actions in the new runlevel to be started.
Reboot System	Click on this button to immediately reboot the system. All currently logged in users will be disconnected and all services will be re-started.
Shutdown System	Click on this button to immediately shutdown the system. All services will be stopped, all users disconnected and the system powered off (if your hardware supports it).

Disk and Network Filesystems

This option allows users to mount the system files to the UC-8100 computer. Select the file from the Type drop-down list, and then click Add mount.

Module Config	Disk and Network Filesystems				Search Docs
Add mount Type:	Apple Filesystem (hfs)				
Mounted as	Туре	Location	Used	In use?	Saved?
/ (Root filesystem)	New Linux Native Filesystem (ext4)	/dev/root	75%	Yes	No
/run	RAM/Swap Disk (tmpfs)	tmpfs	0%	Yes	No
/run/lock	RAM/Swap Disk (tmpfs)	tmpfs	0%	Yes	No
/proc	Kernel Filesystem (proc)	proc		Yes	No
/sys	Kernel Filesystem (sysfs)	sysfs		Yes	No
/dev	RAM/Swap Disk (tmpfs)	tmpfs	0%	Yes	No
/run/shm	RAM/Swap Disk (tmpfs)	tmpfs	0%	Yes	No
/dev/pts	Pseudoterminal Device Filesystem (devpts)	devpts		Yes	No

Add mount Type: Apple Filesystem (hfs)

٢

Initial System Bootup

This option allows users to create or delete the initial process file when the computer is booting up.

Select all. Invert selection. Create a new init process. ID Active? Bootup runlevel Action Process id Yes 2 After system boot /etc/init.d/rcS ii Yes None During system boot /etc/init.d/rcS Yes S Wait /sbin/sulogin 10 Yes 0 Wait /etc/init.d/rc 0 11 Yes 1 Wait /etc/init.d/rc 1 12 Yes 2 Wait /etc/init.d/rc 3 14 Yes 3 Wait /etc/init.d/rc 6 15 Yes 5 Wait /etc/init.d/rc 6 16 Yes 6 Wait /etc/init.d/rc 6 16 Yes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Cirl-Alt-Del /sbin/shutdown -11 -a -r now 16 Yes None Special key combination /bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/init.dirc/intitab to let this work." 17 Yes None Power goes down /etc/init.d/powerfail start	Search Docs
IdYes2After system boot/etc/init.d/rcSYesSWait/sbin/suloginIOYes0Wait/etc/init.d/rc 0I1Yes1Wait/etc/init.d/rc 1I2Yes2Wait/etc/init.d/rc 1I3Yes3Wait/etc/init.d/rc 3I4Yes4Wait/etc/init.d/rc 3I5Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 6I6Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-DelI6YesNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."IfYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/rc 3/bin/getry 38400 tty1I<	
siYesNoneDuring system boot/etc/init.d/rcSYesSWait/sbin/sulogin10Yes0Wait/etc/init.d/rc 011Yes1Wait/etc/init.d/rc 112Yes2Wait/etc/init.d/rc 314Yes3Wait/etc/init.d/rc 315Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 616Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 615Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sludogin16Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sludown +1 -a -r now16YesNoneSpecial key combination/bin/scho "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."16YesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/rc 617YesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail start11No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/shutdown +1 -a -r now11No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/shutdown +1 -a -r now11NoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/scho "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."17YesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail start10No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty32No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/	
~~YesSWait/sbin/sulogin0Yes0Wait/etc/init.d/rc 011Yes1Wait/etc/init.d/rc 112Yes2Wait/etc/init.d/rc 213Yes3Wait/etc/init.d/rc 314Yes4Wait/etc/init.d/rc 516Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 626Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/sulogincaYesNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stop1No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
0Yes0Wait/etc/init.d/rc 011Yes1Wait/etc/init.d/rc 112Yes2Wait/etc/init.d/rc 213Yes3Wait/etc/init.d/rc 314Yes4Wait/etc/init.d/rc 515Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 616Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 626Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/sulogincaYesNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower sestored/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower sestored/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty344No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
InYesNoneWait/ Atc/init.d/rc 1I2Yes2Wait/ Atc/init.d/rc 1I3Yes3Wait/ Atc/init.d/rc 3I4Yes4Wait/ Atc/init.d/rc 4I5Yes5Wait/ Atc/init.d/rc 66Yes6Wait/ Atc/init.d/rc 676Yes6Respawn process/ Abin/suldgincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/ Abin/suldgwn -t1 -a -r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/ /bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit / etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/ etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/ /etc/init.d/powerfail stoppower yesNonePower sestored/ /etc/init.d/powerfail stoppower setsored/ /etc/init.d/powerfail stop// /atc/init.d/powerfail stop2No2, 3Respawn process/ /sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/ /sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/ /sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/ /sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/ /sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
I2Yes2Wait/etc/init.d/rc 2I3Yes3Wait/etc/init.d/rc 3I4Yes4Wait/etc/init.d/rc 4I5Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 5I6Yes6Respawn process/sbin/suldogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/shutdown -11 -a -r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower stored/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower stored/etc/init.d/powerfail stappoYesNonePower stored/etc/init.d/powerfail stappoYesNonePower stored/etc/init.d/powerfail stappoYesNonePower stored/etc/init.d/powerfail stop2No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
13Yes3Wait/etc/init.d/rc 314Yes4Wait/etc/init.d/rc 415Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 516Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 626Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctr/Alt-Del/sbin/shutdown -11 -a -r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower srestored/etc/init.d/powerfail stappoYesNonePower srestored/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty5	
I4Yes4Wait/etc/init.d/rc 4I5Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 5I6Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 6z6Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/shutdown -11 -a -r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail nowpoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower srestored/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower srestored/etc/init.d/powerfail startpoYesNonePower srestored/etc/init.d/powerfail start2No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty23No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
I5Yes5Wait/etc/init.d/rc 5I6Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 626Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/shutdown -t1 -a -r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower is restored/etc/init.d/powerfail stop1No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty23No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty44No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty55No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty66No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
I6Yes6Wait/etc/init.d/rc 6z6Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/shutdown -t1 -a -r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower is restored/etc/init.d/powerfail stop1No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty33No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
26Yes6Respawn process/sbin/sulogincaYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/sbin/shutdown -11 -a - r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/echo "Keyboard Requestedit /etc/inittab to let this work."pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stoppoYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stop1No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty23No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
caYes1, 2, 3, 4, 5Ctrl-Alt-Del/ sbin/shutdown -t1 -a - r nowkbNoNoneSpecial key combination/bin/shutdown -t1 -a - r nowpfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail stop1No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty23No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty5	
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pfYesNonePower goes down/etc/init.d/powerfail startpnYesNonePower fail/etc/init.d/powerfail nowpoYesNonePower is restored/etc/init.d/powerfail stop1No2, 3, 4, 5Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty12No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty23No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty34No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty35No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty45No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty56No2, 3Respawn process/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
pn Yes None Power fail /etc/init.d/powerfail now po Yes None Power is restored /etc/init.d/powerfail stop 1 No 2, 3, 4, 5 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty1 2 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty2 3 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 4 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5	
po Yes None Power is restored /etc/init.d/powerfail stop 1 No 2, 3, 4, 5 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty1 2 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty2 3 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 4 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5 6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5	
1 No 2, 3, 4, 5 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty1 2 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty2 3 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 4 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5 6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
2 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty2 3 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 4 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5 6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
3 No 2,3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty3 4 No 2,3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 5 No 2,3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 6 No 2,3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5	
4 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty4 5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5 6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5	
5 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty5 6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
6 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
□ T0 Yes 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty -L ttyO0 115200 vt102	
T0 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/getty -L ttyS0 9600 vt100	
T1 No 2,3 Respawn process /sbin/getty -L ttyS1 9600 vt100	
T3 No 2, 3 Respawn process /sbin/mgetty -x0 -s 57600 ttyS3	

If you want to delete something, select the ID and click **Delete Selected Processes** at the bottom of this page.

6	No	2,3	Respawn process	/sbin/getty 38400 tty6	
🗆 то	Yes	2, 3	Respawn process	/sbin/getty -L ttyO0 115200 vt102	
🗆 то	No	2, 3	Respawn process	/sbin/getty -L ttyS0 9600 vt100	
🗆 T1	No	2, 3	Respawn process	/sbin/getty -L ttyS1 9600 vt100	
🗆 ТЗ	No	2, 3	Respawn process	/sbin/mgetty -x0 -s 57600 ttyS3	
Select all. Invert selection. Create a new init process.					
Delete Selected Processes					

Apply Init Configuration Click this button to apply the current SysV Init Configuration by running the command telinit q. Be aware that any mistakes in your configuration may make the system unusable when this command is run.

You may also click **Create a new init process** to create a new one.

Module Index	Edit Process
Process Details	
ID	
Active?	O Yes ◯ No
Bootup runlevel	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 a b c
Action	
Process	
Create	

Return to process list

Running Processes

This option allows users to view the current running processes.

Help Module C	Help Adule Config Running Processes			
Display : PID User Memory CPU Search Run				
Roal mo	mon: 245 37 MB t	otal / 193 30 MB	free / 136.22 MB cached Swap space: 0 bytes total / 0 bytes free	
itear mer	mory. 240.07 MD (Mar / 199.00 MID		
ID	Owner	Size	Command	
3132	root	27372 kB	/usr/sbin/rsyslogd -c5	
18189	root	21868 kB	/usr/local/libexec/qmi-proxy	
18203	root	17864 kB	/usr/share/webmin/proc/index_size.cgi	
9979	root	16404 kB	/usr/bin/perl /usr/share/webmin/miniserv.pl /etc/webmin/miniserv.conf	
15482	proftpd	8296 kB	proftpd: (accepting connections)	
2322	root	6088 kB	/usr/sbin/sshd	
2197	root	6024 kB	/usr/sbin/dhcpd -q -cf /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf -pf /var/run/dhcpd.pid	
28338	root	5020 kB	ha_logd: read process	
28339	root	5020 kB	ha_logd: write process	
2490	root	4248 kB	-bash	
3647	root	4128 kB	dhclient wwan0	
2148	root	3384 kB	/usr/sbin/cron	
2353	tss	3232 kB	/usr/sbin/tcsd	
18181	root	3172 kB	awk {print \$2}	
2437	root	2788 kB	/bin/login	
2145	messagebus	2588 kB	/usr/bin/dbus-daemonsystem	
18211	root	2492 kB	pscols 2048 -eo user:80,ruser:80,group:80,rgroup:80,pid,ppid,pgid,pcpu,vsz,ni	
656	root	2288 kB	udevddaemon	
26211	root	2284 kB	udevddaemon	
26212	root	2284 kB	udevddaemon	
2407	root	2248 kB	/bin/bash /sbin/chk_signal	
18179	root	2248 kB	/bin/bash /sbin/chk_signal	
1	root	1688 kB	init [2]	
18210	root	1368 kB	sh -c pscols 2048 -eo user:80,ruser:80,group:80,rgroup:80,pid,ppid,pgid,pcpu,	
2415	root	1344 kB	/sbin/push btn	

Click Search to search for a the specific process. You can also terminate or kill a process by clicking the specific buttons.

Help Module Config Runnii		R	Running Processes		
Display : P	hisplay : PID User Memory CPU Search Run				
Owned by Matching		y OMatch	ing		
Using more CPU than		n %			
Using filesystem		n / 🖸			
	OUsing fi	e			
	search processes in resu	lt			
Search					
ID	Owner	CPU Started	Command		
7045	root	70.0 % 05:55	/usr/share/webmin/proc/index_search.cgi		
Send Signa	I HUP ᅌ Termina	te Processes Kill Processes			

Scheduled Cron Jobs

This option allows users to view the current scheduled cron jobs, or create a new scheduled cron job.

Module Config			Scheduled Cron Jobs	
ind Cron jo	bs matching	Search		
Select all. In	vert selection.	Create a new scheduled cron jol	b. Create a new environment variable. Control user access to cron jobs.	
User	Active?	Command		Move
o root	Yes	/etc/cron.daily/bsdmainutils /etc/cron.daily/dpkg /etc/cron.daily/dpkg /etc/cron.daily/man-db /etc/cron.daily/logrotate /etc/cron.daily/paswd /etc/cron.daily/pache2 /etc/cron.daily/apt		
🗌 root	Yes	/etc/cron.weekly/man-db		
🗌 root	Yes	[-x /usr/lib/php5/maxlifetime	e] && [-d /var/lib/php5] && find /var/lib/php5/	
Select all. In	vert selection.	Create a new scheduled cron jol	b. Create a new environment variable. Control user access to cron jobs.	

Delete Selected Jobs Disable Selected Jobs Enable Selected Jobs

To create a new cron job, click the **Create a new scheduled cron job** button, and enter the information in the fields as required. When finished, click **Create**.

Module Index	С	reate Cron Job		
Job Details				
Execute cron job as				
Active? • Y	es 🔿 No			
Command				
Input to command				
Description			1	
Description				
When to execute				
Simple schedule Hourly	Times and dates selected			
Minutes	Hours	Days	Months	Weekdays
• All			• All	
Selected 0 12 24 36 48 1 13 25 37 49 2 14 26 38 50 3 15 27 39 51 4 16 28 40 52 5 17 29 41 53 6 18 30 42 54 7 19 31 43 55 8 20 32 44 56 9 21 33 45 57 10 22 34 46 58 11 23 35 47 59 Note: Ctrt-click (or command-click on the Note: Ctrt-click (or command-click)	Selected 0 12 1 13 2 14 3 15 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 21 10 22 11 23	Selected 1 13 25 2 14 26 3 15 27 4 16 28 5 17 29 6 18 30 7 19 31 8 20 9 9 21 10 22 11 23 12 24	Selected January February March April May June July August September October November December	Selected Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday
Date range to execute	acy to select and de-select minu	tes, nours, days and months.		
Run on any date				
Only run from / Jan 🗘 /	to / Jan ᅌ /			
Create				

You may also create a new environment variable by clicking the **Creating a new environment variable** button. When finished, click **Create**.

Module Index	Create Environment Variable	
Note - This environment variable setting will only apply to	Cron jobs after it in the list of jobs on the module's main page.	
Environment variable details		
For user		
Active?	⊙ Yes ◯ No	
Variable name		
Value		
Add environment variable	Sefore all Cron jobs for user After all Cron jobs	
Create		
Return to cron list		

If you want to allow some users to access the cron jobs, click the **Control user access to cron job** button. When finished, click **Save**.

Module Index	Control Cron Access
This form allows you to control which users can create	ate and run cron jobs.
 Allow all users 	
Allow only listed users	
O Deny only listed users	
Save	
 Return to cron list 	

Software Package Updates

This option allows users to update the software package on the UC-8100 computer. Select the package, and then click Update Selected Packages. You may also click Refresh Available Packages to view the packages to be updated.

Module Config		Software Package	Update	S	
States to display:		Installed Only updates Only new			
Find packages matching:		Se	earch Show A	11	
Found 20 matching package Select all. Invert selection					
Package	Description			Status	Source
dpkg	armhf Debian package m	anagement system		New version 1.16.16	Wheezy
dpkg-dev	all Debian package devel	opment tools		New version 1.16.16	Wheezy
file	armhf Determines file typ	e using "magic" numbers		New version 5.11-2+deb7u8	Wheezy
libapache2-mod-php5	armhf server-side, HTML	embedded scripting language (Apache 2 n	nodule)	New version 5.4.39-0+deb7u2	Wheezy
libdpkg-perl	all Dpkg perl modules			New version 1.16.16	Wheezy
libldap-2.4-2	armhf OpenLDAP librarie	S		New version 2.4.31-2	Wheezy
libmagic1	armhf File type determina	tion library using "magic" numbers		New version 5.11-2+deb7u8	Wheezy
libmysqlclient18	armhf MySQL database o	lient library		New version 5.5.43-0+deb7u1	Wheezy
libssl1.0.0	armhf SSL shared librarie	S		New version 1.0.1e-2+deb7u16	Wheezy
libtasn1-3	armhf Manage ASN.1 str	uctures (runtime)		New version 2.13-2+deb7u2	Wheezy
libxml2	armhf GNOME XML libra	у У		New version 2.8.0+dfsg1-7+wheezy4	Wheezy
mysql-common	all MySQL database com	mon files, e.g. /etc/mysql/my.cnf		New version 5.5.43-0+deb7u1	Wheezy
ntpdate	armhf client for setting sy	stem time from NTP servers		New version 4.2.6.p5+dfsg-2+deb7u4	Wheezy
openssl	armhf Secure Socket Lay	er (SSL) binary and related cryptographic t	ools	New version 1.0.1e-2+deb7u16	Wheezy
🗹 php5	all server-side, HTML-em	bedded scripting language (metapackage)		New version 5.4.39-0+deb7u2	Wheezy
🗹 php5-cli	armhf command-line inter	preter for the php5 scripting language		New version 5.4.39-0+deb7u2	Wheezy
php5-common	armhf Common files for p	ackages built from the php5 source		New version 5.4.39-0+deb7u2	Wheezy
php5-mysql	armhf MySQL module for	php5		New version 5.4.39-0+deb7u2	Wheezy
🛛 ррр	armhf Point-to-Point Prote	ocol (PPP) - daemon		New version 2.4.5-5.1+deb7u2	Wheezy
✓ tzdata	all time zone and daylight	-saving time data		New version 2015b-0wheezy1	Wheezy-update
Select all. Invert selection					

Update Selected Packages Refresh Available Packages

You may also perform the scheduled checking options at the bottom of this page. When finished, click Save.

🗹 ppp	armhf Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) - daemon	New version 2.4.5-5.1+deb7u2	Wheezy
tzdata	all time zone and daylight-saving time data	New version 2015b-0wheezy1	Wheezy-updates
Select all. Invert select Update Selected Packa			
Scheduled checking	options		
Email updat			
Action when upo	date needed o Just notify Install security updates Install any updates		

Save

Software Packages

This option allows users to search for installed packages, or install a new package. You may also upgrade all packages on this page.

Help Module Config	Software Packages	Search Docs
Installed Packages		
Search For Package:		Package Tree
Install a New Package		
Select the location to instal	l a new Debian DPKG package from	
From local file		
From uploaded file	Choose File No file chosen	
From ftp or http URL		
Package from APT	Search APT	
Install		
Identify a File		
Enter a command or the pa	athname of a file to search the Debian DPKG database for.	
Search For:		
Upgrade All Packages	3	
APT package upgrade o	ptions	
Resynchroniz	e package list (update) 🧿 Yes 🔿 No	
	Upgrade mode O Distribution upgrade (upgrade-dist) Normal upgrade O Don't upgrade	
Only show which packa	ges would be upgraded OYes ONo	
Upgrade Now		

System Documentation

This option allows users to search the system documentation. Type key words in the **Search for** field, and then click **Search**.

Help Module Confi	g	System Documentation	
System doc	umentation search		
Search for			
	 Match all Match any 		
Match	 Name only O Name and contents 		
Search in	Manual pages Webmin help Package documentation Perl module documentation Google search engine		
Search			
When search	ning documentation from another module, allow	v searching in	
🗹 Manual pa	ages	🗹 Webmin Help	Package documentation
Perl modu	ule documentation	Google search engine	
Save			

System Log

This option allows users to view and edit the current system log, or create a new system log.

Module Config	System Logs		Search Docs
Add a new system log.			
Log destination	Active?	Messages selected	
File /var/log/auth.log	Yes	auth,authpriv.*	View
File /var/log/syslog	Yes	*.* ; auth,authpriv.none	View
File /var/log/cron.log	No	cron.*	
File /var/log/daemon.log	Yes	daemon.*	View
File /var/log/kern.log	Yes	kern.*	View
File /var/log/lpr.log	Yes	lpr.*	View
File /var/log/mail.log	Yes	mail.*	View
File /var/log/user.log	Yes	user.*	View
File /var/log/mail.info	Yes	mail.info	View
File /var/log/mail.warn	Yes	mail.warn	View
File /var/log/mail.err	Yes	mail.err	View
File /var/log/news/news.crit	Yes	news.crit	View
File /var/log/news/news.err	Yes	news.err	View
File /var/log/news/news.notice	Yes	news.notice	View
File /var/log/debug	Yes	news.none ; mail.none	View
File /var/log/messages	Yes	mail,news.none	View
Users :omusrmsg:*	Yes	*.emerg	
File /dev/tty8	No	*.=notice ; *.=warn	
Named pipe /dev/xconsole	Yes	*.=notice ; *.=warn	
File /var/log/apache2/error.log	Yes	Apache error log	View
Output from dmesg	Yes	Kernel messages	View
File /var/webmin/miniserv.error	Yes	Webmin error log	View
Add a new system log.			
/iew log file:	View		

Apply Changes Click this button to make the current configuration active by killing the running syslog process and restarting it.

Click the system log you want to edit, and then provide the relevant information. Click **Save**. You may also delete this log by clicking **Delete**.

Module Index	Edit System Log
Log destination	
Log to 🧿 File	/var/log/auth.log
	✓ Sync after each message?
O Named pipe	
◯ Local users	
All logged-in us	
Syslog server of	
Logging active? • Yes O No	
Message types to log	
Facilities	Priorities
O Many auth authpriv	🔿 None 💽 All 🔿 At or above 😒
 Many 	ONONE ○ All ○ At or above. 3
Save View logfile Delete	
Return to system logs	

Click **Add a new system log**, and find the log you want to add in the specific field. When finished, click **Save**.

Module Index		Add System Lo	og
Log destination			
Log to		/var/log/ ✔ Sync after each message?	
	 Named pipe Local users 		
	All logged-in user		
Logging active?	💿 Yes 🔵 No		
Message types to log			
Facilities		Pri	orities
Many Save		٩ 🔾	None All At or above ᅌ 🔷 🗘

Return to system logs

Configuring Server

Click **Sever**. Three options will be displayed. Click the appropriate option to continue the configuration you would like to take care of.

Servers	
Apache Webserver	
DHCP Server	
Read User Mail	

Apache Webserver

This option allows users to view or delete the current Apache Webservers. You may also create a virtual host on this page.

Module Config			Apache Webserver Apache version 2.2.22	Start Apache Search Docs
Global configuration	Existing virtual hosts	Create virtual host		
Select all. Invert select				
	Defines the default setti Address Any Port Any		il servers, and processes any unhandled requests. Server Name Automatic Document Root Automatic	
Default Server				
	Handles the name-base Address Any Port 80	ed server on address	*. Server Name Automatic Document Root /var/www	
Virtual Server				
Select all. Invert select	ion.			
Delete Selected Servers				

Click **Create virtual host**. You may configure the settings of the virtual host. When finished, click **Create Now**.

Module Config		Apache Webserver Apache version 2.2.22	Start Apache Search Docs
Global configuration Existing v	rtual hosts Create virtual host		
Create a New Virtual Server			
Handle connections to address	 Those not handled by another s Any address 	server	
	O Specific address		
	 Add name virtual server addres Listen on address (if needed) 	s (if needed)	
Port	Obefault Any • 80		
Document Root			
	Allow access to this directory		
Server Name	• Automatic		
Add virtual server to file	Standard httpd.conf file New file under virtual servers di	rectory /etc/apache2/sites-available	
	Selected file		
Copy directives from	Nowhere 🗘		
Create Now			

DHCP Server

This option allows users to configure the DHCP server settings. Various functions are also provided, including Edit Client Options, Edit TSIG-keys, Manually Edit Configuration, List Active Leases.

Module Config		DHCP Server SC DHCPd version 4.2.2	Search Docs
Subnets and Shared Netwo	rks		
Select all. Invert selection. Add	a new subnet. Add a new shared network.		
<u>s</u>			
□ 10.10.0.0			
	a new subnet. Add a new shared network.		
Delete Selected			
Hosts and Host Groups			
No hosts or groups have been def	ined.		
Add a new host. Add a new host	group.		
DNS Zones			
No DNS zones have been define	ed yet.		
Add a new DNS zone.			
Edit Client Options	Edit DHCP client options that apply to all	subnets, shared networks, hosts and groups	
Edit TSIG-keys	Edit TSIG-keys (used for authenticating u	updates to DNS servers)	
Manually Edit Configuration	Edit configuration file manually text		
Edit Network Interface	Set the network interfaces that the DHCP	' server listens on when started.	
List Active Leases	List leases currently issued by this DHCP	e server for dynamically assigned IP addresses.	
Apply Changes	Click this button to apply the current confi	iguration to the running DHCP server, by stopping and restarting it.	
Stop Server	Click this button to stop the running DHC	P server on your system. When stopped, DHCP clients will not be able to request IP add	dresses.

To edit the subnet settings of the current DHCP server, click the icon and then start configuring. When finished, click Save.

Module Index

Module Index		E	dit Subnet			
Subnet Details						
Subnet description						
Network address	10.10.0.0		Netmask	255.255.255.0		
Address ranges	10.10.0.25	10.10.0.50	Dynamic BOOTP ?	-	Dynami	BOOTP ?
Shared network	<none> ᅌ</none>		Default lease time	 Default 	secs	
Boot filename	None		Maximum lease time	 Default () 	secs	
Boot file server	• This server		Server name	 Default () 		
Lease length for BOOTP clients	• Forever	secs	Lease end for BOOTP clients	 Never 		
Dynamic DNS enabled?	Yes No ODefault		Dynamic DNS domain name	 Default 		
Dynamic DNS reverse domain	 Default 		Dynamic DNS hostname	• From client		
Allow unknown clients? Can clients update their own records? Server is authoritative for this subnet?						
Hosts directly in this subnet			Groups directly in this subnet			
Save	Edit Client	Options	List Lea	ises		Delete
Add a new host. Add a new host group.						

Address Pools for Subnet

No address pools defined Add an address pool.

Return to subnet list

Read User Mail

You can read user's email here.

Module Config

Read User Mail

None of the supported mail servers (Exim, Qmail, Postfix and Sendmail) were detected on your system. You will need to adjust the module configuration to set the mail server and possibly mail paths manually.

To configure the email settings, click module configuration. When finished, click Save.

Configuration						
	For module Read User Mail					
Configurable options for Read User Mail						
User interface options						
Width to wrap mail messages at	80					
Width to wrap composed mail messages at						
	80 columns (standard)					
	Other size					
Mail messages to display per page	20					
Show To: address in mailboxes?	○ Yes ● No					
Show buttons at top for	${old o}$ Mailboxes and mails ${old O}$ Mailboxes only ${old O}$ Never					
Show pager arrows at bottom for	\odot Mailboxes and mails \circledast Mailboxes only \odot Never					
Show button to delete entire mailbox?	○ Yes ● No					
Show number of messages in sent mail folder?	○ Yes ● No					
Forward messages with quoting?	● Yes ○ No					
Ask for confirmation before deleting?						
	No No					
	For mbox files larger than					
Show message body as	Always plain text					
Use HTML editor for composing?	Never					
HTML quoting mode	Message below <hr/> Machine to the second s					
	Message inside <blockquote></blockquote>					
Record the reading of mail in the Webmin Actions Log?	○ Yes ● No					

Configuring Others

Click **Others**. Two options will be displayed. Click the appropriate option to take further action.

Others
 Command Shell
 File Manager

Command Shell

This option allows users to manually execute the command shell from the system. Type the command in the field, and then click **Execute command**.

Module Config	nfg Command Shell						
Enter a shell command to ex	ecute in the text field below. The cd command may be used to change directory for subsequent commands.						
Execute command:		Clear history					
Execute previous command	/sbin/iptables -A FORWARD -i eth0 -o wwan1 -j ACCEPT	Clear commands					

File Manager

This is an additional plug-in function.

Configuring Networking

Click Networking. Three options will be displayed. Click the appropriate option to take further action.

Networking Bandwidth Monitoring Linux Firewall Network Configuration

Bandwidth Monitoring

This option allows users to configure the network interface and the bandwidth condition.

Help Module Config								Bandwidth Monitoring Using IPtables firewall and Syslog	
Before this modul added, and a sysl						0	i you	system, it must be set up to monitor traffic on the selected external network interface. Several firewall rules must be	
Warning - this m network connect		e will l	og AL	L net.	work	trafi	fic se	nt or received on the selected interface. This will consume a large amount of disk space and CPU time on a fast	
External network	inte	face	wwan	10 ᅌ				Setup Now	
Show traffic by	hou	r	\$	for <	every	thing:	> (
For traffic after	/	Jan	0/			:	00		
For traffic before	/	Jan	0/			:	00		
	🗸 Se	erver p	orts o	nly?	Re	solve	host	names?	
Generate Report									

Select the network interface, and then click Setup Now for additional configuration. When finished, click Save.

Help Module Config	Bandwidth Monitoring Using IPtables firewall and Syslog
Show traffic by he	our 🗘 for <everything></everything>
For traffic after	/ Jan 🔁 / 📖 🗄 00
For traffic before	/ Jan 😒 / 📖 : 00
	Server ports only? Resolve hostnames?
Generate Report	
Update Statistics	Click this button to process all logged network traffic up to the current time, making it immediately available for reporting.
Turn Off Monitoring	Click this button to remove the firewall rules, syslog configuration and Cron job used for bandwidth monitoring. All existing collected data will remain untouched.

Linux Firewall

This option allows users to configure the firewall settings. You may also reset the firewall configuration on this page.

Help Module Config		Linux Firewall Rules file /etc/iptables.up.rul		Search Docs
Showing IPtable: Packet filtering	g (filter)		Add a new chain named:	
Incoming packets (INPUT) - On	y applies to packets addr	ressed to this host		
There are no rules defined for t				
Set Default Action To: Accept	٥			Add Rule
Forwarded packets (FORWARD) - Only applies to packet	ts passed through this host		
There are no rules defined for t	, , ,, ,			
Set Default Action To: Accept	٥			Add Rule
Outgoing packets (OUTPUT) - C	Only applies to packets or	riginated by this host		
There are no rules defined for t				
Set Default Action To: Accept	٢			Add Rule
Apply Configuration	Click this button to make	e the firewall configuration listed above active.	Any firewall rules currently in effect will be flushed a	and replaced
Revert Configuration	Click this button to reset	t the configuration listed above to the one that	is currently active.	
		ontrol whether your firewall is activated at boot		
Activate at boot Yes • No				
Reset Firewall	Click this button to clear	r all existing firewall rules and set up new rules	for a basic initial configuration.	

Network Configuration

Network Interfaces

This option allows users to activate, view, or apply the current network interfaces. Select the functions you wish to use.

Active Now Activated	at Boot				
	will be activated when the system boo	ots up, and will generally be acti	ve now too.		
Select all. Invert selection.	Add a new interface. Add a new bri	dge.			
Name	Туре	IPv4 address	Netmask	IPv6 address	Activate
eth0	Ethernet	192.168.3.127	255.255.255.0		Yes
eth1	Ethernet	192.168.4.127	255.255.255.0		Yes
lo	Loopback	No address configured	None		Yes
select all. Invert selection.	Add a new interface. Add a new bri	dge.			
Delete Selected Interfaces	Delete and Apply Selected Interfaces	Apply Selected Interfaces			

Routing and Gateways

This option allows users to configure the routing and gateways configurations. When finished, click **Save**.

Module Index				Routing and	Gateways
Boot time conf	iguration	Active configuratio	n		
This section allow	s you to co	nfigure the routes the	at are activated	when the system boots up	, or when network settings are fully re-applied.
Routing configu	ration acti	vated at boot time			
Default router	 None (or 	from DHCP) Gat	eway	eth0 ᅌ	
Act as router?	🔿 Yes 💿 N	lo			
Static routes	Interface	Network	Netmask	Gateway	
Local routes	Interface	Network	Ne	etmask	
Save					
Return to netw	vork configu	Iration			

Hostname and DNS Client

This option allows users to configure the hostname and DNS client configuration. When finished, click Save.

Module Index	Hostname and DNS Client
DNS Client Options	
Hostname	Моха
	✓ Update hostname in host addresses if changed?
Resolution order	Hosts file
	DNS O
DNS servers	168.95.1.1 Search domains O None Listed
	168.95.192.1
Save	
Return to network configuration	ion

Host Addresses

This option allows users to add a new host address or delete the existing one.

Module Index	Host Addresses	
Select all. Invert selection. Add a new host addres	S.	
IP Address	Hostnames	
□ 127.0.0.1	localhost , Moxa	
Select all. Invert selection. Add a new host addres	S.	
Delete Selected Host Addresses		
Return to network configuration		

Hardware

Click **Hardware**. Two options will be displayed. Click the appropriate option to take further action.

Hardware
 Partitions on Local Disks
 System Time

Partitions and Local Disks

This option allows users to edit the disk partitions. You may edit IDE parameters, or erase all partitions on the existing disks.

Module Co	nfig		Edit Disk Partitions SD-Card device 2				
Cylinders:	2000895 Partitio	n format: MSDOS					
Add primar	y partition.						
Number	Туре	Extent		Size	Start	End	Used by
1	Windows FAT32	-		32768 blocks	2048	67583	
2	Linux			835584 blocks	329728	2000895	1
3	Linux			131072 blocks	67584	329727	
Add primar	y partition.						
Edit IDE p	arameters	Change settings for an IDE drive	e, such as the DMA mode, standby timeout an	d number of sec	tors read		
Wipe Part	Wipe Partitions Delete all existing partitions and create a new partition table with a different format.						
< Return	to disk list						

Click the partition you want to edit, and then configure the settings. When finished, click Save.

Module Index		Edit Partition SD-Card device 2
Partition Details		
Lo	cation /dev/mmcblk0	Device file /dev/mmcblk01
	Type FreeBSD UFS	Sector State S
	Status Not in use	Size 32768 blocks
Save Delete		
Create Filesystem:	Old Linux Native (ext2)	Builds a new filesystem of the selected type on this partition, permanently erasing any existing files. You must do this after creating a new partition or changing an existing one.
Return to list of p	partitions	

System Time

This option allows users to configure system time and hardware time. When finished, click **Apply** or **Save**.

lelp /odule Config	System Time	Search Docs.
Set time Change timezone Time server sy		
I his form is for changing the system's current time too.	, which is used by all running processes. On operating syst	tems that have a separate hardware clock, it can be used to set that
System Time		
Date 20 ᅌ	Month April	Year 2015 ᅌ
Hour 08 ᅌ	Minute 23 ᅌ	Second 20 ᅌ
Apply Set system time according to hardware time		
Hardware Time		
Date 20 🗘	Month April	Year 2015 🗘
Hour 08 ᅌ	Minute 23 📀	Second 20 ᅌ
Save Set hardware time according to system time		

Viewing More Options

Four more options can be found in the left lower corner of the Webmin window. Click an option for details.

View Module's Logs
 System Information
 Refresh Modules
 Logout

View Module Logs

This option allows users to view the log files.

Module Index

Search Results

Logged actions be	etween 13/Apr/2015 and	20/Apr/2015
-------------------	------------------------	-------------

Action	Module	User	Client Address	Date	Time
Disabled bandwidth monitoring	Bandwidth Monitoring	root	192.168.31.100	20/Apr/2015	02:45
Setup bandwidth monitoring on interface wwan0	Bandwidth Monitoring	root	192.168.31.100	20/Apr/2015	02:45
Disabled bandwidth monitoring	Bandwidth Monitoring	root	192.168.31.100	20/Apr/2015	02:44
Updated statistics	Bandwidth Monitoring	root	192.168.31.100	20/Apr/2015	02:44
Deleted module Backup Configuration Files	Webmin Configuration	root	172.25.9.139	17/Apr/2015	04:49
Deleted module Heartbeat Monitor	Webmin Configuration	root	172.25.9.139	17/Apr/2015	04:49
Deleted module Webmin Servers Index	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:34
Deleted module Webalizer Logfile Analysis	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:34
Deleted module WU-FTP Server	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:34
Deleted module Shoreline Firewall	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:34
Deleted module Shorewall6 Firewall	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:34
Deleted module System and Server Status	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:34
Changed module configuration		root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:30
Installed 31 package(s) from APT	Software Packages	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:28
Deleted module idmapd daemon	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:18
Deleted module Squid Report Generator	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Voicemail Server	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module TCP Wrappers	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Text Login	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Upload and Download	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Users and Groups	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module SSH Server	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Samba Windows File Sharing	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Network Services	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module Network Services and Protocols	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17
Deleted module SMART Drive Status	Webmin Configuration	root	172.16.4.20	16/Apr/2015	23:17

You may also export the files in CSV format. Select the file and then click **Export as CSV**.

Ran command cell_mgmt start	Command Shell	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 10:02
Ran command cell_mgmt stop	Command Shell	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 10:02
Ran command 1s	Command Shell	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 06:00
Ran command /sbin/iptables -A FORWARD -i eth0 -o wwan0 -j ACCEPT	Command Shell	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 06:00
Ran command /sbin/iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o wwan0 -j MASQUERADE	Command Shell	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 05:59
Ran command echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward	Command Shell	root	172.25.9.139	16/Apr/2015 05:58
Export as CSV.				

System Information

This item allows users to view the current system information.

🖓 webmin					
System Information					
System hostname	localhost (127.0.0.1)				
Operating system	Debian Linux 7				
Webmin version	1.740				
Time on system	Mon Apr 20 08:25:10 2015				
Kernel and CPU	Linux 3.2.0-uc8100 on armv7l				
System uptime	3 days, 17 hours, 30 minutes				
Running processes	70				
CPU load averages	0.00 (1 min) 0.04 (5 mins) 0.06 (15 mins)				
CPU usage	0% user, 0% kernel, 0% IO, 100% idle				
Real memory	54.93 MB used, 245.37 MB total				
Local disk space	612.23 MB used, 813.93 MB total				
Package updates	20 package updates are available				

Refresh Modules

This item allows users to refresh the current modules on the UC-8112 computer.

Refresh Modules

```
Checking for usable Webmin modules ..
.. found 60 with installed applications, 56 not installed.
```

Logout

Click Logout to exit Webmin. You may log in again or close your browser to exit the system.

Logout successful. Use the form below to login again.

Login to Webmin
You must enter a username and password to login to the Webmin server on
192.168.31.96.
Username
Password
Remember login permanently?
Login Clear

Wireless Module Settings

This chapter describes how to configure the Wi-Fi and cellular modules for the UC-8112-LX computer.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

Enabling Cellular Module

➤ Configuring the Cellular Module

- Configuring the Wi-Fi Module
- Bridging the Cellular to Serial Interface

> UDP Server to Serial Device

- \succ UDP Client to Serial Device
- ➤TCP Server to Serial Device
- ➤TCP Client to Serial Device
- Configuring the IPSec Settings

Enabling Cellular Module

Locate Command Shell in the Others drop-down list.

	Others	
	Command Shell	
1	File Manager	

Provide the required commands in the Command Shell field.

Module Config Command Shell					
Enter a shell command to e	xecute in the text field below. The cd command may be used to change directory for subsequent commands.				
Execute command:		Clear history			
Execute previous command	/sbir/iptables -A FORWARD -i eth0 -o wwan1 -j ACCEPT G Edit previous	Clear commands			

Configuring the Cellular Module

To enable and dial up the cellular module, type the following command:

```
cell_mgmt start
```

To disable and disconnect the cellular module, type the following command: **cell_mgmt stop**

To power off the cellular module, type the following command: cell_mgmt power_off

To power on the cellular module, type the following command: cell_mgmt power_on

To keep the UC-8112 computer constantly connecting to the network, type the following command. **keep_alive**

To enable the routing function of the cellular module, type the following command. **Ite_router**

Note that once the routing function has been enabled, the device connecting to the LAN 2 port of the UC-8112 computer can connect to the network via the cellular module. Remember to enable the device's DHCP function.

Configuring the Wi-Fi Module

You need to edit the Wi-Fi configuration file to enable the Wi-Fi module on the UC-8112. Connect to the UC-8112 computer and locate the configuration file at this path: **/etc/wpa_supplicant.conf**.

Config Save Preview Edit Refresh Info	Delete New	News Upload Extract News	New Rename Mount	Copy Cut Paste			
	/etc						History
- bin	17	blassa a	0.00	1	1	1	
- boot		Name	Size	User	Group	Date	
- dev	sgml shad		4 kB 915 B	root root	root shadow	16/Mar 07:45	
Holock Holos	shad		915 B	root	root	07:45	
	shau shell		73 B	root	root	07.45 Dec/13	
	siteli skel	0	4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
	snmi		4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
- net	skel snm ssh	·	4 KB	root	root	16/Mar	
- pts	ssi		4 KB	root	root	16/Mar	
- serial		group-for-usr-local	771 B	root	root	Jun/12	
			669 B	root	root	Mar/13	
- alternatives	🚡 sudo	ers.d	4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
- apache2	sysct	l.conf	22 B	root	root	31/Mar	
- apt	🛅 sysct	l.d	4 KB	root	root	16/Mar	
	sudders svott.conf sysctl.do sysctl.d systemd tesd.conf tesd.conf		4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
- Ca-certificates	tosd.	conf	6 KB	tss	tss	Feb/13	
- Calendar	🛅 termi	nfo	4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
- Chatscripts		tamp	13 B	root	root	Dec/13	
- Cron.d	📃 timez		8 B	root	root	05/Feb	
- Cron.daily	ucf.co	onf	1 kB	root	root	May/08	
- Cron.hourly	📄 udev		4 KB	root	root	16/Mar	
- Cron.monthly	📄 ufw		4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
- Cron.weekly	unico	nf.conf	142 B	root	root	Jul/12	
- adbus-1	i 📄 🗎		4 kB	root	root	16/Mar	
- 🛅 default		idog.conf	1 kB	root	root	Apr/12	
- 🛅 dhop			4 KB	root	root	20/Apr	
- apkg	wget 📄 wga		4 kB	root	root	Feb/14	
- fonts			16/Mar				
- fstab.d		supplicant.conf	468 B	root	root	21/Apr	
- 🔁 groff		il.conf	23 B	root	root	14:18	
ifolund M	🖻 vml		4 kR	root	root	16Mar	M

Configuring SSID and Password

To configure the SSID and password, edit the following content:

Configuring the WEP SSID and WEP key

To configure the WEP SSID and WEP key, edit the following content:

Configuring WPA/WPA2 SSID/Password/PSK

To configure the SSID and password for WPA/WPA2, edit the following content:

```
##### WPA/WPA2 PSK #####
```

#network={

```
# ssid="WES_AP"
```

- # proto=WPA WPA2 RSN
- # key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
- # pairwise=TKIP CCMP
- # group=TKIP CCMP
- # psk="123456789"
- #}

Connecting to the Wi-Fi AP

To connect to the Wi-Fi AP you have just configured, type the following command in the Command shell field: **wi-fi_router**

```
Module Config Command Shell
Enter a shell command to execute in the text field below. The cd command may be used to change directory for subsequent commands.

Execute command: wifi_routef
```

When the UC-8100 computer has successfully connected to the Wi-Fi AP, you may connect your computer to the LAN2 port on the UC-8100, so that your computer can connect to the network.

Bridging the Cellular to Serial Interface

This section describes how to enable the UC-8112 to communicate with peripheral devices.

UDP Server to Serial Device

Type the following command in the Command Shell so that the signal between the DUP server and serial device can be transmitted:

socat UDP-SENDTO:REMOTE IP:REMOTE PORT
file:/dev/ttyM0,nonblock,raw,echo=0,waitlock=/var/run/ttyM0,b115200

UDP Client to Serial Device

Type the following command in the Command Shell so that the signal between the DUP client and serial device can be transmitted.

socat UDP-SENDTO:REMOTE IP:REMOTE PORT
file:/dev/ttyM0,nonblock,raw,echo=0,waitlock=/var/run/ttyM0,b115200

TCP Server to Serial Device

Type the following command in the Command Shell so that the signal between the TCP server and serial device can be transmitted.

socat -v TCP-LISTEN: LISTEN PORT,reuseaddr,fork
file:/dev/ttyM0,nonblock,raw,echo=0,waitlock=/var/run/ttyM0,b115200

TCP Client to Serial Device

Type the following command in the Command Shell so that the signal between the TCP client and serial device can be transmitted:

socat TCP:REMOTE IP:REMOTE PORT
file:/dev/ttyM0,nonblock,raw,echo=0,waitlock=/var/run/ttyM0,b115200

Configuring the IPSec Settings

To set up the IP address of the IPSec server, edit the following file: /etc/ipsec-tools.conf

```
## Flush the SAD and SPD
#
flush;
spdflush;
## Some sample SPDs for use racoon
#
spdadd 10.10.10.78 10.10.10 any -P out ipsec
esp/transport//require;
#
spdadd 10.10.10.10 10.10.10.78 any -P in ipsec
esp/transport//require;
```

Note that 10.10.10.10 is the IP address of the remote host.

To configure the setup key, edit the following file: /etc/racoon/racoon.conf

```
log notify;
path pre_shared_key "/etc/racoon/psk.txt";
path certificate "/etc/racoon/certs";
remote anonymous {
       exchange_mode main,aggressive;
       proposal {
               encryption_algorithm aes_256;
               hash_algorithm sha256;
               authentication_method pre_shared_key;
               dh group modp1024;
       }
       generate_policy off;
}
sainfo anonymous{
       pfs_group 2;
       encryption_algorithm aes_256;
```

authentication_algorithm hmac_sha256;

compression_algorithm deflate;

}

To configure the pre-shared key, edit the following file: /etc/racoon/psk.txt.

```
- 10.10.10.10 1234567890
```

/etc/init.d/setkey restart

```
/etc/init.d/racoon restart
```

Note: Authentication Mode

- Pre-shared key
- X.509

In this example, 10.10.10.10 is the IP address of the host, while 1234567890 is the pre-shared key.

To start the IPSec configuration, run the following commands:

/etc/init.d/setkey restart /etc/init.d/racoon restart Take the following steps to enable the IPSec function when the system starts up:

- 1.
- 2. Locate the **Bootup and Shutdown** option in Webmin.



3. Click Create a new bootup and shutdown action.

Module Config Create a new bootup and shutdown action.		Bootup and Shutdown Boot system : SysV init		
Action	At boot?	Description		
apache2	No	Start/stop apache2 web server		
boot_scripts.sh	No	Enable service provided by daemon.		
bootlogs	Yes	Various things that don't need to be done particularly		

4. Enter the following commands in the Bootup commands field:

/etc/init.d/setkey restart /etc/init.d/racoon restart

etc/	init.a/	гасооп	restart

Module Index	Create Action
Action Details	
Name	
Description	
Bootup commands	/stc/init.d/setky restart /stc/init.d/tasses restart
Shutdown commands	
Start at boot time?	⊛ Yes ☉ No
Create	

5. When finished, click **Create**.

Data Acquisition

This chapter describes how to use the UC-8112 computer to acquire data from an ioLogik E1242 RTU controller. The following topics are covered in this chapter:

Acquiring Data

Acquiring Data

The UC-8112-LX Start Kit comes with an ioLogik E1242 RTU controller. To acquire data from the controller, use the following commands in the Command Shell field.

To read the value from Digital Input 0: Em2240 -d 192.168.31.66 -i 0

To read the value from Analog Input 0: Em2240 -d 192.168.31.66 -i 1

To set Digital Input to high level: Em2240 -d 192.168.31.66 -o 1 -s 1



Regulatory Approval Statements



This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Class A: FCC Warning! This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the users will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.



European Community



WARNING

This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.